SANDY TOWN COUNCIL

Media Policy

1 Introduction

- 1.1 The purpose of this policy is to define the roles and responsibilities within the council for working with the media and deals with the day-to-day relationship between the council and the media.
- 1.2 It is not the intention of this policy to curb freedom of speech or to enforce strict rules and regulations. Rather, the intention is to establish a framework for achieving an effective working relationship with the media. The council welcomes the opportunity to talk to the media and, through them, to debate issues in the public arena.

2 Aims

- 2.1 Sandy Town Council is accountable to the local community for its actions and this can only be achieved through effective two-way communications. The media press, radio, TV, internet are crucially important in conveying information to the community so the council must maintain positive, constructive media relations and work with them to increase public awareness of the services and facilities provided by the council and to explain the reasons for particular policies and priorities.
- 2.2 The news media play an important role on behalf of the local community in holding the council to account for its policies and actions. It is important that they have access to Officers and Members and to background information to assist them in this role. To balance this, the Council will defend itself from any unfounded criticism and will ensure that the public are properly informed of all the relevant facts using other channels of communication if necessary.

3 Legal Framework

- 3.1 The law governing communications in local authorities can be found in the Local Government Acts 1986 and 1988 and the Localism Act 2011. The Council must also have regard to the governments Code of Recommended Practice on Local Authority Publicity. Some aspects of the Code are relevant to this policy:
 - "Any publicity describing the Council's policies and aims [and the provision of services] should be as objective as possible, concentrating on facts or explanation or both."

- "Publicity touching on issues that are controversial, or on which there
 are arguments for and against the views or policies of the Council...
 should be handled with particular care. Issues must be presented
 clearly, fairly and as simply as possible, although councils should not
 oversimplify facts, issues or arguments."
- "Publicity should not attack, nor appear to undermine, generally accepted moral standards."
- "Local authorities should not use public funds to mount publicity campaigns whose primary purpose is to persuade the public to hold a particular view on a question of policy."
- 3.2 In particular, Officers and Members should always have due regard for the long-term reputation of the Council in all their dealings with the media.
- 3.3 Confidential documents, reports, papers and private correspondence should not be disclosed to the media. The content of letters and emails addressed to Sandy Town Council and not marked as confidential will be treated as being in the public domain and their contents may be disclosed if the contents of such disclosures do not breach the privacy of others.
- 3.4 If representatives of news media wish to discuss an issue that is, or is likely to be, subject to legal proceedings then advice should be taken from the Council's solicitor before any response is made.
- 3.5 Officers and Members must not disclose any personal or confidential information about other officers or members. This include the release of personal information, such as home address and telephone number, disciplinary procedures and long-term sickness absences that are affecting service provision. Members' details are available in the public domain and through their Members Interest declaration.
- 3.6 The Town Clerk is responsible for issuing formal press releases on behalf of the Parish Council and will do this in consultation with the Town Mayor.

4 Contact with News Media Organisations

- 4.1 Statements made by the Mayor or, in the absence of the Mayor, the Town Clerk, should reflect the Council's opinion.
- 4.2 Other Councillors may talk to the media but must ensure that it is clear that the opinions given were their own and not necessarily those of the Council.

- 4.3 Caution should be exercised when submitting letters to the editor for publication in newspapers. Letters representing the views of the Council should only be submitted by the Mayor or the Clerk. If other Members choose to use the letters column to express their own opinions on Council policies, they must make it clear that the views expressed are their own and do not necessarily reflect the views of the Council or any of its Members.
- 4.4 At all times consideration should be given as to how the correspondence may affect the reputation of the Council. Sandy Town Council's code of conduct includes a requirement upon members not to bring the Council into disrepute.

5 Attendance of news media representatives at Town Council meetings

- 5.1 The Local Government Act 1972 requires that agendas, reports and minutes are sent to the media on request.
- 5.2 Representatives of the news media are encouraged to attend Council meetings and seating and workspace will be made available.
- 5.3 Any filming or taping of Council proceedings by representatives of news media or private individuals must be with prior notice to the Clerk and Chairman of the meeting.

6 Elections

- 6.1 The Code of Recommended Practice on Local Authority Publicity contains guidance for providing publicity for Members and for publicity around elections. The code makes it clear that Council resources should not be used on publicising individual Members unless it is relevant to the particular position they hold in the Council. These extracts from the Code illustrate the main points:-
 - "Publicity about individual councillors may include the contact details, the positions they hold in the council (for example, Chairman or Chairman of a committee), and their responsibilities. Publicity may also include information about individual councillors' proposals, decisions and recommendations only where this is relevant to their position and responsibilities within the Council. All such publicity should be objective and explanatory, and ... personalisation of issues or personal image making should be avoided."
 - "Publicity should not be, or be liable to be misrepresented as being, party political. Whilst it may be appropriate to describe policies put

forward by an individual councillor which are relevant to their position and responsibilities within the council, and to put forward their justification in defence of them, this should not be done in party political terms, using political slogans, expressly advocating policies of those of a particular party or directly attacking policies and opinions of other parties, groups or individuals."

- "The period between the notice of an election and the election itself should preclude proactive publicity in all its forms of candidates and other politicians involved directly in the election."
- 6.2 In line with practice elsewhere in the country, the Council will not quote any Councillor in a news release or involve them in proactive publicity events during the election period, regardless of whether or not they are standing for election. The only exception to this (as laid down in the Code of Recommended Practice on Local Authority Publicity) is during an emergency or where there is a genuine need for a member level response to an important event outside the control of the Council. In this situation, Members holding key civic positions should be able to comment.

7 News Releases

- 7.1 The purpose of a news release is to make the media aware of a potential story, to provide important public information or to explain the Council's position on a particular issue. It is the responsibility of all Officers and Members to look for opportunities where the issuing of a press release may be beneficial.
- 7.2. Any Officer or Member may draft a news release on behalf of Sandy Town Council, however they must all be issued by the Town Clerk in order to ensure that the principles outlined in section three (Legal Framework) are adhered to, that there is consistency of style across the Council and that the use of the press release can be monitored.